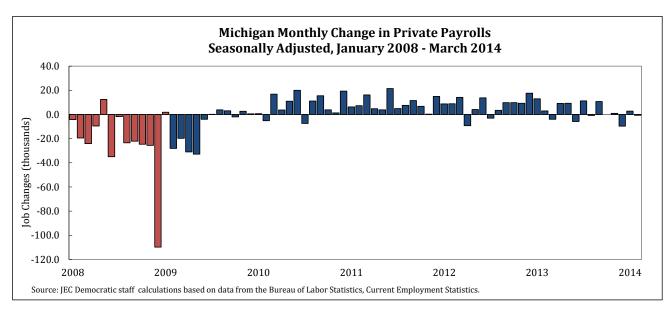
ECONOMIC SNAPSHOT: MICHIGAN

Includes Bureau of Labor Statistics jobs and unemployment data through March 2014

JOBS

- In March, private-sector employment in Michigan fell by 600 jobs. Over the past year, the Michigan private sector has added 23,400 jobs. This compares with an increase of 85,800 jobs over the 12 months ending in March 2013.
- Michigan private-sector employers have added 322,700 jobs (an increase of 10.1 percent) since February 2010, the national low point for private-sector employment.
- In Michigan, the following sectors have posted the largest job gains since February 2010: manufacturing (99,300 jobs), professional and business services (98,000 jobs) and trade, transportation and utilities (41,400 jobs).
- The Michigan sectors with the greatest job gains in percentage terms since February 2010 are: manufacturing (21.4 percent), mining and logging (19.7 percent) and professional and business services (19.4 percent).



UNEMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Michigan was 7.5 percent in March 2014, down 0.2 percentage point from February. The rate is down 1.3 percentage points from one year earlier and is below its recent peak of 14.2 percent in August 2009.
- 355,200 Michigan residents were unemployed during March 2014, down from a recent high of 686,200 in August 2009. There are now 3,600 fewer people unemployed in Michigan than when the recession began.
- In Michigan, initial claims for unemployment insurance benefits totaled 41,748 during March, down 26.8 percent from the previous month. Total initial claims over the past 12 months are down 11.6 percent from their level over the 12 months before that.

EXPORTS

- In Michigan, exports totaled \$4.5 billion in February and \$58.5 billion over the past year, up 2.2 percent from the 12 months ending in February 2013 (inflation-adjusted dollars).
- Michigan exports over the past 12 months are up 48.4 percent from their level in the same 12-month period four years earlier (inflation-adjusted dollars).

Housing

- Home prices in Michigan increased by 6.8 percent from the fourth quarter of 2012 to the fourth quarter of 2013 (the most recent quarter for which data are available). They are up 11.1 percent since their recent low in the second quarter of 2011 but remain 20.5 percent below their pre-housing-crash peak.
- Housing starts in Michigan totaled 7,030 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in February 2014, an increase of 0.7 percent from January.
- Within the Midwest census region, which includes Michigan, sales of new single-family homes totaled 67,000 units in February 2014, an increase of 36.7 percent from January. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased by 4.1 percent to 930,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from January to February 2014.

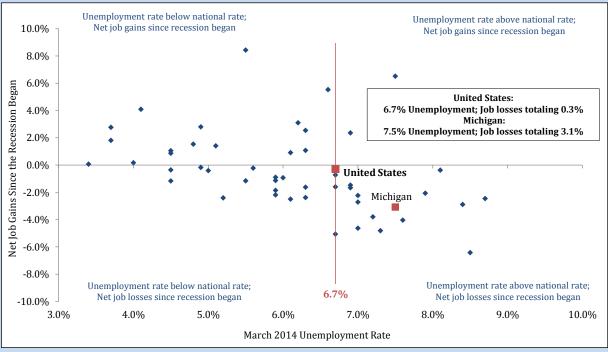
^{*} For Michigan-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Michigan office: http://www.milmi.org/

How Does Michigan Compare to Other States?

Workers across the country were hit hard during the recent recession. Since then, employment in some states has returned to pre-recession levels, while employment in other states remains below pre-recession levels. The chart below allows for a comparison of Michigan to other states using two metrics.

The unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor-market conditions in Michigan, while net job gains since the recession began (current nonfarm jobs as a share of jobs prior to the recession) measures progress toward labor-market recovery (vertical axis).

States falling in the upper left quadrant have net job gains since the start of the recession and unemployment rates lower than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower right quadrant have higher unemployment rates than the United States overall and are still experiencing net job losses relative to pre-recession levels.



Note: The figure above excludes North Dakota, which has a current unemployment rate of 2.6% and net job gains totaling 26.9% since the start of the recession.

| | STATE QUICK FACTS | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|---------------|
| | | Michigan | United States |
| Unemployment Rates | March 2014 | 7.5% | 6.7% |
| | March 2013 | 8.8% | 7.5% |
| | March 2012 | 9.0% | 8.2% |
| | March 2011 | 10.6% | 9.0% |
| Percent of Population Who Are Veterans | 2013 | 8.5% | 9.0% |
| All Veterans' Unemployment Rate | 2013 | 10.6% | 6.6% |
| Post-9/11 Veterans' Unemployment Rate | 2013 | 13.5% | 9.0% |
| Median Household Income | . 2012 | \$ 50,015 | \$ 51,017 |
| (2012 \$) | 2007 | \$ 54,672 | \$ 55,627 |
| Poverty Rate | 2012 | 13.7% | 15.0% |
| | 2007 | 10.8% | 12.5% |
| No Health Insurance | . 2012 | 10.9% | 15.4% |
| | 2007 | 10.8% | 14.7% |